



Målrettet forvaltning i små forvaltninger

Implementering af Ramsar konventionen og Biodiversitetskonventionen i nordiske små samfund 11 – 12. september 2014 i Tórshavn

Lars Dinesen, STRP member

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- Forside (fx appetitvækkende billede)
- Forord (fx lokal decision-maker?)
- Kort introduktion (fx Ramsar kontekst, planens legale status, indhold af plan, formål med plan etc.)
- Områdebeskrivelse (fx kriterier for udpegning og generel beskrivelse samt økologisk karakteristika)
- Trusler (fx trusler mod kriterier og områdets økologisk status)

forvaltningsplanlægning II



- Status for området (fx biodiversitet inkl. kriterier for udpegning samt økologisk karakter, RIS)
- Overordnet målsætning for Ramsar området (fx hvad er de vigtigste features og mål)
- Overveje konkrete målsætninger (evt. mål for specifikke naturværdier eller hydrologi etc.)
- Indsatsprogram / handlingsprogram (fx action plan med deadlines, der kan revideres løbende eller hvert x år)
- Overvågning (fx af udvalgte indikatorer se også RIS)

Økologisk karakter



The concept of "international importance" is not the same thing [as ecological character] and should not be used as a site management target.

Every wetland has ecological character, but only some wetlands have international importance.

Field 13.

What are the critical ecological components, processes and services that determine the ecological character of this Ramsar Site?

Please describe which of the ecological components and ecological processes are critical to determining the ecological character of this Ramsar Site.

2012 RIS Ecological processes



Microsoft Word interface showing a document titled "cop11-dr08-e-RIS-anx1 (Kompatibilitetstilstand) - Microsoft Word". The ribbon includes "Filer", "Startside", "Brevskabeloner", "Indsæt", "Sidelayout", "Referencer", "Forsendelser", "Gennemse", "Vis", "Udvikler", "Tilføjelsesprogrammer", "Design", and "Layout". The "Design" ribbon is active, showing font settings (Garamond, 11), paragraph settings, and styles (Normal, Style1, Style2, Ingen af..., Overskrift 1). The document content is as follows:

Part 3.2 Ecological processes

This section is not intended for completion as part of a standard RIS, but is included for completeness as part of the agreed format of a 'full' Ecological Character Description (ECD) outlined by Resolution X.15

Primary production
[Ecological Character Description (2008) field not intended for completion as part of a standard RIS submission.]

Nutrient cycling
[Ecological Character Description (2008) field not intended for completion as part of a standard RIS submission.]

Carbon cycling
[Ecological Character Description (2008) field not intended for completion as part of a standard RIS submission.]

Animal reproductive productivity
[Ecological Character Description (2008) field not intended for completion as part of a standard RIS submission.]

Vegetational productivity, pollination, regeneration processes, succession, role of fire, etc.
[Ecological Character Description (2008) field not intended for completion as part of a standard RIS submission.]

Side: 23 af 44 | Ord: 8.766 | Engelsk (USA) | 132%

2012 RIS field 6

Microsoft Word window: cop11-dr08-e-RIS-ans1 (Kompatibilitetstilstand)

6b) Has the ecological character of the Ramsar Site (including applicable Criteria) changed since the previous RIS?

No

Yes If Yes, are the changes: Positive or Negative

If Yes, are changes the result of (tick each category which applies):

- Changes resulting from causes operating within the existing boundaries?
- Changes resulting from causes operating beyond the site's boundaries?
- Changes resulting from causes operating both

Field #6b from RIS 2009-2012 version, expanded

Side: 8 af 54 Ord: 12.115 Engelsk (USA) 130%

2012 RIS Field 26

Microsoft Word interface showing a document titled "cop11-d08-e-RIS-anx1 (Kompatibilitetstilstand) - Microsoft Word". The ribbon includes "Filer", "Startside", "Brevskabeloner", "Indsæt", "Sidelayout", "Referencer", "Forsendelser", "Gennemse", "Vis", "Udvikler", "Tilføjelsesprogrammer", "Design", and "Layout". The "Design" ribbon is active, showing font settings (Garamond, 11), paragraph settings, and styles (Normal, Style1, Style2, Ingen af..., Overskrift 1).

Part 3.3 Ecosystem services

26. Ecosystem services/benefits

Please indicate the presence or absence of all relevant ecosystem services/benefits currently provided by the site in column a). If it is possible to assess the relative importance of each ecosystem service provided by the site, this can be scored 0-3 in column b) as follows:

- 0 = not relevant for site
- 1 = present but low importance/extent or significance
- 2 = present, medium importance/extent or significance
- 3 = present, high importance/extent or significance

Ecosystem service	Examples	a) Presence/ absence of service	b) if possible, score 0-3 for each service provided by the site
Provisioning Services – products obtained from the ecosystem such as food, fuel and fresh water			
Food for humans	Sustenance for humans (e.g., fish, molluscs, grains)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Fresh water	Drinking water for humans and/or livestock	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	Water for irrigated agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/>	

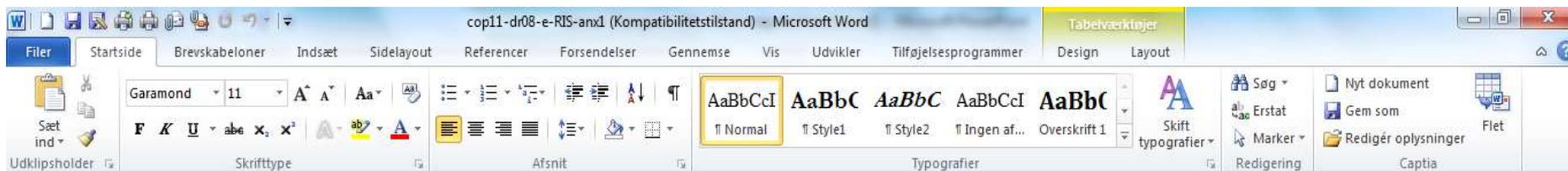
Side: 23 af 44 | Ord: 8.766 | Engelsk (USA) | 132%

For further guidance section 7.3.16 of the Strategic Framework

Fields from Section from 2008 Ecological Character Descriptive Sheet

Fields #18, #25, #26, #31 from RIS 2009: version relate to asp this Part

2012 RIS Field 30



Part 4.2 Ecological character threats and responses ('Management')

30. Factors (actual or likely) adversely affecting the site's ecological character, including changes in land and water use and development projects

For further guide see section 7.4. Appendix F of the Strategic Frame
Field #26 from F 2009-2012 vers

Factors adversely affecting the site's ecological character:		Is the threat:		Within the Ramsar Site	Changes at RIS update		
		actual (happening)	potential (likely)		No change/ increase/ decrease/ unknown	In the surrounding area	Changes at RIS update No change/ increase/ decrease/ unknown
Human settlements (non agricultural)	Housing and urban areas	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>
	Commercial and industrial areas	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tourism and recreation areas	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>
	Unspecified development	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>
Agriculture & aquaculture	Annual and perennial	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/> / <input type="checkbox"/>



Field 6c) Changes to the ecological character of the Ramsar Site

Please describe any changes to the ecological character of the Ramsar Site, including in the application of the Criteria, since the previous RIS for the site.

i) If the change of ecological character is negative and human-induced, has an Article 3.2 report been submitted to the Secretariat?	YES	NO
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Economic valuation

Have studies or assessments been made of the economic valuation of the ecosystem services provided by this Ramsar Site

- **YES** **NO** **UNKNOWN**



How is the site managed?

2012 RIS Field 32 Management



cop11-dr08-e-RIS-ann1 (Kompatibilitetstilstand) - Microsoft Word

32. Management planning

Please indicate which of the following apply to the site. If more than one category applies to the site, please indicate all that are relevant.

<input type="checkbox"/> Site-specific plan or management planning being implemented	<input type="checkbox"/>	Management plan/planning covers:	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-specific plan or management planning exists but has not yet been implemented	<input type="checkbox"/>		All of Ramsar Site; or	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Site-specific plan or management planning in preparation	<input type="checkbox"/>		Part of Ramsar Site	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Current site-specific plan or management planning subject to review and update	<input type="checkbox"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/> No site-specific plan or management planning exists at present	<input type="checkbox"/>			

For further guidance see section 7.4.5 of the Strategic Framework

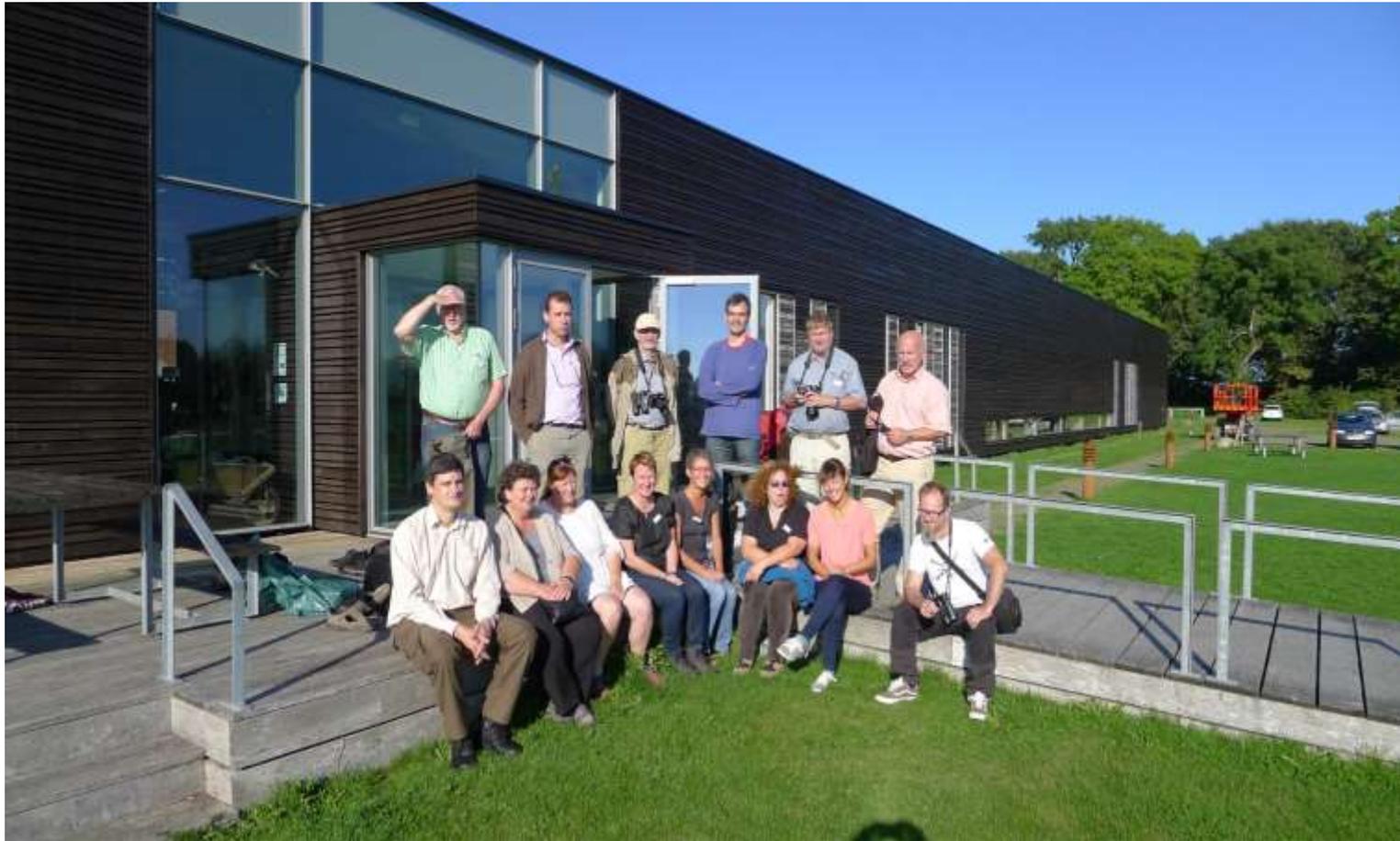
Field #27c from RIS 2012 version

Ramsar COP11 DR8 Annex 1, 1

Side: 41 af 44 Ord: 8.766 Engelsk (Storbritannien) 132%

02:23 08-10-2013

NorBalWet and peat



Lille Vildmose, Denmark

Ramsar Site designation

Criterion 1: Representative wetland
Climate regulation (1 vi)



Criterion 2:
Threatened Ecological Communities

Restoration of raised bog

a) degraded, b) natural



Criterion 1.



- Designation due to hydrological importance:
- vi) have a ***major hydrological influence*** in the context of at least ***regional climate regulation or stability*** (e.g., certain areas of cloudforest or rainforest, wetlands or wetland complexes in semi-arid, arid or desert areas, ***tundra or peatland systems acting as sinks for carbon***)

Kan måske lære af EU habitatdirektivet?

Habitatdirektivets artikel 6.3

Habitatbekendtgørelsen:

- skærpede regler for planlægning, tilladelser m.v.

Sektorlovgivning (udenfor MIM):

Fiskeri-, energi-, kystbeskyttelses-, havne-, byggelove.

med anmeldelsesordning for visse aktiviteter på land
(skovlov + naturbeskyttelseslov) suppleret

Oversigt over Habitatbekendtgørelsens regler om administrationen af Natura 2000-områderne (bek. nr. 408/2007 med senere ændringer)

- Planlægningsforbud
- Foreløbig vurdering
- Egentlig konsekvensvurdering
- Konsekvensen af konsekvensvurderingen
- Fravigelsesmuligheder

Planlægningsforbud

Der må ikke

- udlægges nye arealer til byzone eller til sommerhusområde,
- planlægges en række infrastruktur- og tekniske anlæg,
- udlægges nye områder med råstofindvinding.

Enkelte undtagelser, herunder foranstaltninger, der vil medføre forbedringer af naturforholdene.

I særlige tilfælde kan Naturstyrelsen give tilladelse – OBS: Træder ikke i stedet for efterfølgende foreløbig vurdering og evt. konsekvensvurdering.

Hovedbudskaber

Natura 2000-områder

- **Procedurekrav** forud for vedtagelse af planer og afgørelser om godkendelser, dispensationer mv.

- **Krav til afgørelser**

Procedurekrav – Natura 2000-områder

Før der træffes afgørelse om godkendelser mv.:

- Skal det vurderes, om projektet i sig selv eller i forbindelse med andre projekter eller planer kan påvirke et Natura 2000-område (udpegningsgrundlaget) væsentligt.
- Hvis projektet vurderes at kunne påvirke væsentligt, skal der foretages en nærmere konsekvensvurdering af projektets påvirkning af Natura 2000-området.

Procedurekrav (2)

- Der skal ses på udpegningsgrundlag og bevaringsmålsætning.
- Vurderingerne skal fremgå af afgørelsen.

Krav til afgørelse med konsekvensvurdering

- Der kan kun gives godkendelse, hvis det kan afvises, at projekter vil skade Natura 2000-området.
- Reglerne gælder, uanset om projektet påtænkes gennemført indenfor eller udenfor det udpegede område.
- Intet væsentlighedskriterium.
- Konklusionerne skal baseres på et forsigtighedsprincip.

Den korte version

- Krav om konsekvensvurdering af aktiviteter (planer og projekter), der kan påvirke områderne væsentligt—også udenfor områderne
- Særligt forsigtighedsprincip:
Tilladelse kan ikke gives og planer ikke gennemføres, medmindre skade kan afvises (omvendt bevisbyrde)

Hvad er væsentlig påvirkning?

Det nærmeste vi kan komme det i dag:

”Risikerer at skade bevaringsmålsætning”

Forsigtighedsprincippet

- Videnskabelig tvivl skal komme naturen til gode. Der skal være sikkerhed for, at aktiviteten ikke vil skade.
- Eller sagt på en anden måde: Omvendt bevisbyrde

Kumulation

I sammenhæng med andre projekter både inden for og uden for Natura områderne.

Krav til dokumentationen

Bedste videnskabelige grundlag

På baggrund af videnskabelig vurdering:

Vished for ingen skade